

Overall Questions

In this section you are supposed to answer questions based on the whole lesson. Before attempting to answer the questions, read the full lesson once again to refresh your understanding of the lesson.

7.3.5. Answer the following qu	iestions in	about 4	0 words
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1.	What was the condition of religious harmony in
11	Rameswaram?
2.	How did Sivasubramaniya Iyer try to break social barriers in Rameswaram?
3.	Why Luxman Sastry did take immediate and strong action against the new teacher?

7.4 Enrich your Word Power

While going through the lessons, you must have come across many new words. Here are some of them in jumbled form.

7.4.1. Write them correctly in the given space.

a. intaneb. negrotsyeic. tereausd. pdiree. alemotion

	1935					
Charles Street Street,	f.	thodoxor				
west	g.	mornde				
	h.	motere				
4.2.	No	w use the above correct words to fill in the blanks				
Total delice	bel	ow.				
	I li	ve in a very area. It lacks facilities.				
Most of the people are still, but their hearts are						
full of They have wisdom. They are						
very simple but highly						
from bad companions, which is a matter of for						
them.						
7.5 Be familiar with structures						
Grammar is an essential feature of any language. Exercises in this section are on Subject- Verb Agreement. Use them according to the rules of English Grammar.						

Subject-verb Agreement

Study these sentences:

- (a) I was eight years old.
- (b) All necessities <u>were</u> provided for, in terms of food, medicine and clothes.

In the sentence (a) we observe that the singular 'was' agrees with the singular subject 'I'. Similarly, in the sentence (b) plural verb 'were' agrees with the plural subject 'All necessities'.

Thus it is clear that verbs and their subjects must agree in their number.

Let's take another example:

English						
>	(a)	Raju is a s	student			
		Raju	Subject			
		is	Verb			
	(b)	Indians ar	e very hospitable.			
		Indians				
		are	Verb			
	7.5.1.		e appropriate form of verb	s to fill in the		
		lanks.				
	1.	She	sweetly.	(sing/sings)		
	2.	The school	ol near a hospital.	(is/are)		
	3.	A dog	faster than a goat.	(runs/run)		
	4.	The peop	le cold water in su	mmer.		
			1	(drink/drinks)		
	5.	She	to school every day.	(go/goes)		
	6.	We	in India.	(lives/live)		
	Nov	Now study these sentences:				
	((a) Either she or <u>I am</u> to do it.				
	((b) Neither you nor he is to blame.				
	You	You observe that both the sentences are joined by 'either				
	or', neithernor, and the verbs agree to the subjects near to it.					
	For example:					
	I am					
	F	He is				
	7.5.2. Fil	l in the bl	anks with appropriate verb	S		

Neither you nor I _____ foolish.

Neither you nor she _____ present in the meet-

1.

2.

ing.

(are/am)

(was/were)

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			My Childho
3. Either you	or I to complete it.	(am/are)	
	she to go to Delhi.	(am/is)	
We always use	e Singular Verb with these:		
	, each, many a, one of		
Management and the second seco	Each boy is present in the class.		
	Neither of the two teams is strong	g.	
	e plural verb with these:		
Some, many, b	oth, few, a few, very few		
Examples:	Many of them are present.		
	A few people have helping attitude	le.	
	Both of them were afraid.		
We always us	se singular Verb with these:		
everyone, ever	ybody, anyone, anybody, someone	e, somebody,	
no one, none	and nobody		
Example:	Nobody is ready to help him.		

Now, observe these sentences carefully:

- A number of passengers are in the bus. a.
- The number of passengers is 40. b.

You observe that 'a number of' takes a plural verbs that is 'are' while 'the number of' takes a Singular verb that is 'is'.

Everybody has a dream.

Somebody is knocking at the door.

7.5.3. Fill in the blanks with appropriate verbs choosing from the brackets.

- Many a man applied for this job. (has/have) 1.
- Many people orthodox even today. (is/are) 2.
- Very few women in the societyambitious. (are/is) 3.

Example:



4. A number of players playing in the field.

(was/were)

- 5. The number of students in the class......32. (is/are)
- 6. Some one.....to see you. (want/wants)
- 7. The cattle grazing in the field. (are/is)
- 8. The news about his death not correct. (is/are)

Conversation.

Study the conversation between hunband and wife.

Husband: Today I have invited Mr. Khanna on diver.

Wife : Ok. What should I prapare? Is he a veg. or

nonveg?

Husband: He is a pure vegetarian

Wife: I think he'll like green vegetables, plain chapati

and curd.

Husband: Yes, it will do.

Mr. Khanna has already taken the meal. Now he wants to praise the dish and thank his hosts for their hospitality. Prepare a dialogue between the couple and Mr. Khanna with the help of clues given in the box.

thank you, invitation, dish, very delicious, very tasty, nice flavour, very good cook, hospitality, o.k. bye

7.5 Be a skilful writer

Perhaps everybody remembers the incidents of his childhood. It is a very nice period in a person's life. It is the stage that shapes the future grown up person.

Try to write about an incident of your childhood days. Add comments as to how you view that incident now.