

2.Periodic classification of elements -MCQ

Q.1. A) Choose the correct option

1. Doberniener was ascientist
 - a) German
 - b) American
 - c) Russian
 - d) Indian

2. According to Mendeleev's law the properties of elements are periodic functions of their.....
 - a) Atomic number
 - b) atomic mass
 - c) density
 - d) boiling point

3. Number of electrons in the outermost orbit of the alkali metals is
 - a) 1
 - b) 2
 - c) 3
 - d) 7

4. The valency of the alkali earth metals is 2 which means that their position in the modern periodic table is
 - a) group 2
 - b) group 16
 - c) period 2
 - d) D - group

5. The chemical formula of the chloride of element X is XCl. This compound is a solid having a high melting point. The group of the periodic table of which element x is a member will have element in the same group
- Na
 - Mg
 - Al
 - Si
6. In which block are the non - metals present in the modern periodic table?
- S- block
 - P-block
 - D-block
 - F-block
7. Law of octaves was given byscientist
- Doberiner
 - Newlands
 - Moseley
 - Mendeleev
8.number of elements had been discovered during Newland's time
- 56
 - 65
 - 63
 - 36

9. Eka - Boron from Mendeleev's periodic table, was later on called as eka -Boron was later called as
- Gallium
 - Scandium
 - Germanium
 - Molibdenum

Q. 1 B) Choose the odd word out. Also write the reason.

- 1) Newlands, Moseley, Dobeirner, Mendeleev
- 2) Fluorine, Sulphur, Bromine, Iodine
- 3) Sodium, Aluminum, Chlorine, Carbon
- 4) Nitrogen, Neon, Argon, Helium

Q. 1 C) Complete the pair by identifying the relation

- 1) Doberienner : triads :: Newlands :
- 2) group 1 : alkali metals :: : Halogen
- 3) solid : Iodine :: : Bromine
- 4) Chlorine : (2,8,7) :: Fluorine :

Q. 1. D) Write names

- 1) Group with zero valency
- 2) Non- metals in third period
- 3) two elements having valency
- 4) Most electronegative atom
- 5) Atom which is smallest in size
- 6) Atom with least atomic mass.
- 7) Most reactive non- metal